

Foodborne Illness Prevention

Helpful tips for reducing the spread of foodborne germs

Foodborne illnesses can be lifethreatening and can be transmitted quite easily. With nearly 50 million cases of foodborne illness occurring every year in the United States, food contamination may seem very difficult to prevent. However, by following these safety tips, you can ensure food safety and help prevent foodborne illness at your facility.

Safety Steps

Safe steps in food handling, cooking and storage are essential to preventing foodborne illness. You typically cannot see, smell or taste harmful bacteria with the potential to cause illness. Keep food safe in every step of preparation.

- Wash hands and surfaces often.
- Separate foods to avoid crosscontamination.
- Cook foods to the proper temperatures.
- Refrigerate and store leftovers promptly.

Food Handling Guidelines

- Refrigerate or freeze all perishable food items. The refrigerator should be set at 40° F or less, and the freezer set at 0° F or less.
 - Check the temperatures with a thermometer designated for these appliances.
- Always thaw food in the refrigerator

- or under cold water, never sitting out at room temperature.
- Wash cutting boards and cooking utensils immediately with soap and hot water after contact with raw meats to prevent bacterial contamination.
- Do not leave perishable foods sitting out for more than two hours.
 - o If room temperature is above 90° F, do not leave foods out for more than one hour.
- If food is cooked, but will not be served for more than two hours, keep it in the oven at 140° F and cover with foil.
- Discard canned foods that are dented, seeping or bulging.
- Do not use packages that have been torn or open.
- Keep seafood in the refrigerator or freezer until right before use.
- Throw out foods with any sign of mold growth.
- Never store food near cleaning products or chemicals.
- Store condiments such as ketchup, mayonnaise and dressing in the refrigerator after opening.

Be safe and healthy on the job at Little Caesars with these helpful tips provided by Gallagher Risk Management - Tulsa.

It isn't just raw meat that can carry foodborne germs—fruits and vegetables can as well. Always rinse fresh produce in clean running water before cutting or consuming.

This flyer is for informational purposes only and is not intended as medical or legal advice.